



Transforming Army Management of Individual Chemical Protective Equipment

Individual Chemical Equipment Management Transformation Initiative

Helmet cover

C2 Canister

JSLIST

Gloves

M291 Decon Kits
M295 Decon Kits

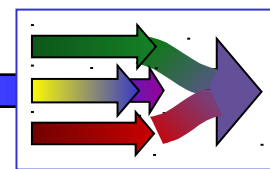
M8 Detector Paper
M9 Detector Paper
M256 Detector Kits

Boots



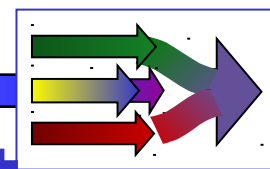
Major John Ensor

October 23, 2003



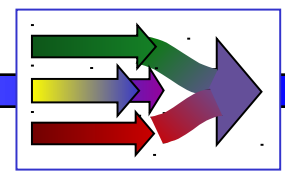
Briefing Purpose

- Describe Army G-4 Individual Chemical Equipment Management Transformation Initiative
- Discuss Army's use of Air Force's Mobility Inventory Control and Accountability System (MICAS) and automatic identification technology (AIT)
- Discuss linkage to Army Reset Plan



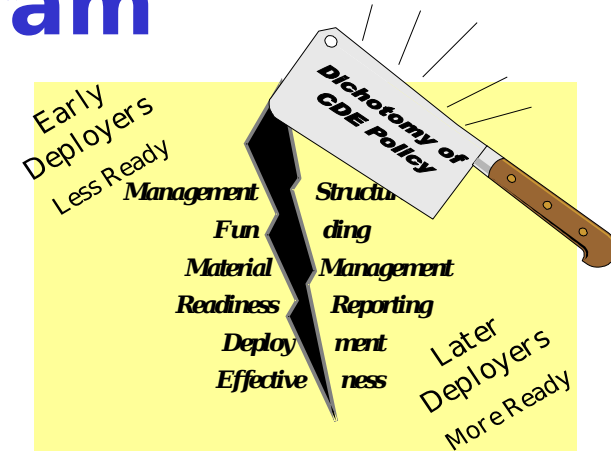
Vision for Management of Army Chemical Defense Equipment Deployment Basic Load Inventories





Problems with CDE Go-to-War Program

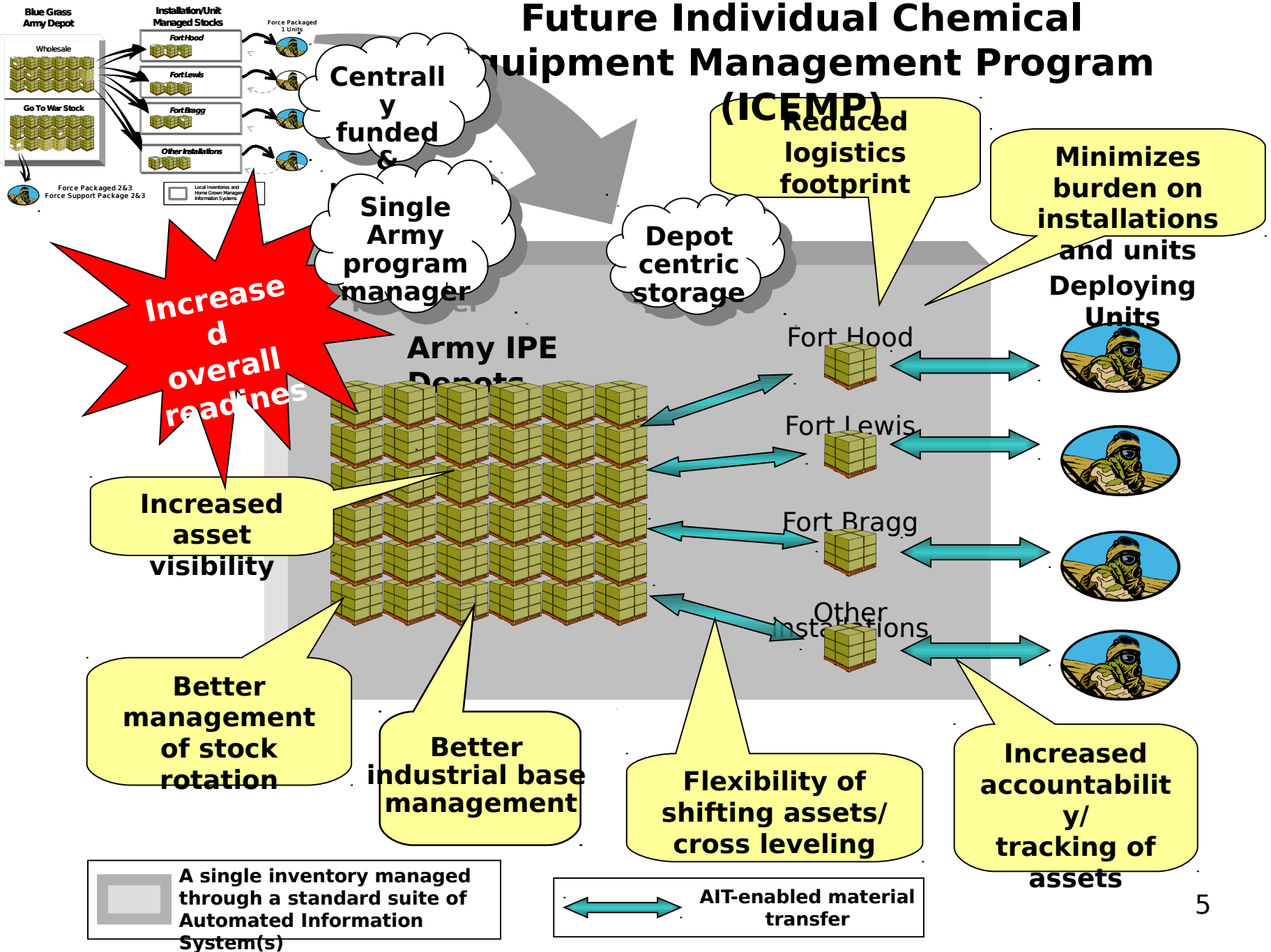
- Based on outdated Force Packaging
- Policy establishes a divided program
- Early deploying units lack resources
- IPE funds for early deploying units not dedicated to IPE purchases
- Army leadership is not getting an accurate readiness status
- Current standard automated information systems (STAMIS) cannot handle IPE management needs
- Lack of asset visibility IPE inventories at installations

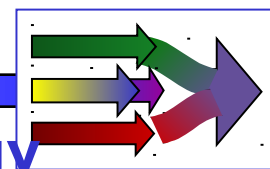


Issues manifested during OIF deployment

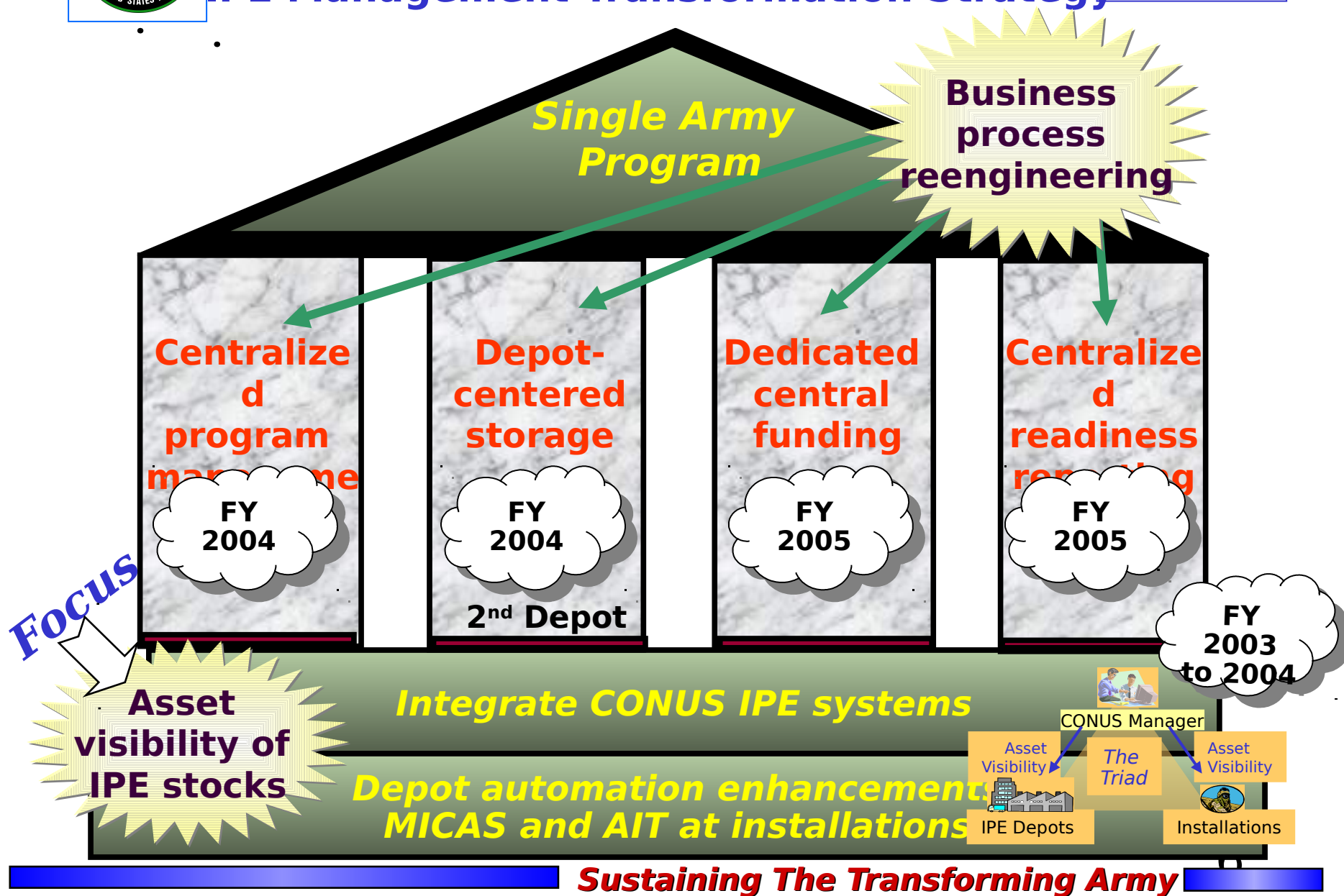


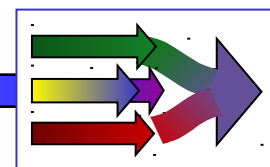
Future Individual Chemical Equipment Management Program (ICEMP)





IPE Management Transformation Strategy

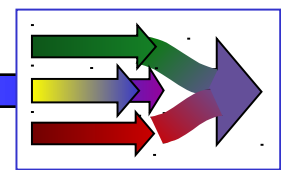




Army Installation Solution

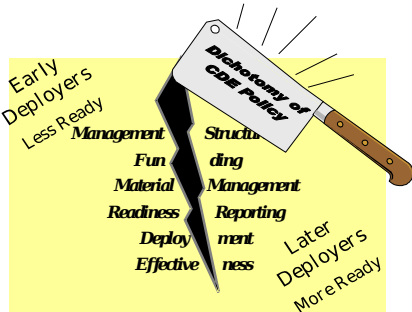
Mobility Inventory Control Accountability System (MICAS)

- Is an USAF inventory management system operating at 185+ locations throughout the Air Force
- Tracks shelf-life visibility of stored and issued assets down to an individual soldier
- Can verify serviceability of assets prior to issue
- Provides capability to roll-up asset visibility to higher levels
- Can download IPE surveillance data via the web to automatically update expiration dates and condition codes
- Provides full suite of barcode production and scanning
- Runs on a standard PC and is Microsoft compatible
- Is Government owned and freely distributed to DoD users

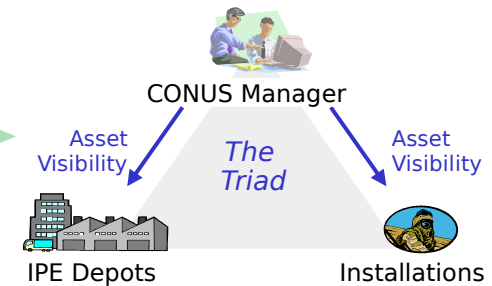


Transformation Defines the Transition

Vision for
IPE Management



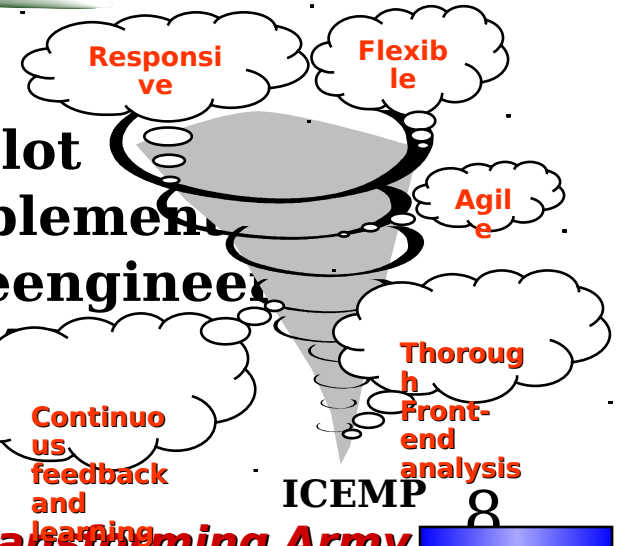
**CDE
Go-to-War
Program**



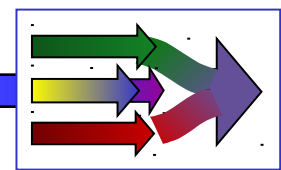
**Individual Chemical
Equipment Management
Program (ICEMP)**

Phases

1. Preparation / Pilot
- 2A. MICAS Fielding / Implemen
- 2B. Business Process Reengineer
3. Implement ICEMP



Sustaining The Transforming Army



HQDA Setting the Force OPORD

Phase 1a: Recovery of deployed IPE from OEF/OIF

- Collect in theater. Ship to CONUS depot...inspect, certify, mark w/ AIT
- Centrally manage to mitigate risk associated with reduced inventories
- Establish in-theater prepositioned stocks

Phase 1b: Implement asset visibility at installations.

- Implement AF Mobility Inventory Control Accountability System (MICAS)
- Leverage reduced installation inventories ... reduces cost
- Addresses issues from OIF, DS/DS, AAA, DoDIG, and GAO

Phase 2: Reset IPE inventories

- Consolidate requirements / funding
- Centralize procurement

Phase 3: Redistribution

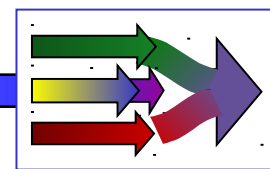
- IAW operational requirements / priorities
- Incremental execution based on inventory adequacy

Phase 4: IPE management transformation

- Transforms CDE Go-To-War Program to Individual Chemical Equipment Management Program
- Incorporates centralized management, storage, and funding
- Depot centric ... reduces footprint at installations

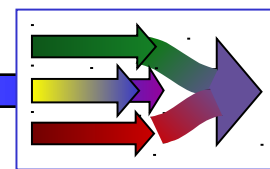
Bottom line: Institutionalizes the Initiative

Sustaining The Transforming Army



Conclusion

- Transformation initiative addresses critical systemic problem
- MICAS is an interim solution pending functionality in future enterprise systems
- Uses spiral development and phased implementation
- Being aggressively executed at low cost



QUESTIONS?

